The Hillsborough Recorder.

J. D. CAMERON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.] TRUTH FEARS NO FOE, AND SHUNS NO SCRUTINY. [TERMS---$2 50 A YEAR, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

New Series---Vol. 2. No. 10-- HILLSBOROUGH, N. C. JANUARY 14, 1874. ---Old Series, Vol. 53.



FALL. FALL.

1873. 1873.

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Prompt and faithful attention given to orders.

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OUR NEW YEAR STORY.

'Jim, you may take her into the house to-night.'

The 'her' referred to was Ariel, one of the staunchest and fastest passenger engines that ever jerked a train, and Jim was my stoker.

'All right, Jack,' he answered, as I stepped down from the cab and started toward the town.

It was just dark, of a cold, stormy November day, and if ever there was a happy man, it was myself, Jack Everett, seated ten minutes later in the warm dining room, with plenty of time, and a steaming supper at my command.

But this happiness was too great to be lasting. I was but half through my onslaught on mine host's cuisine, when my stoker, the best fellow in the world, only a little wild at times, came rushing into the room.

'I'll be blowed if I ain't half a mind to let you finish the job,' said he. 'I'd give a half dollar if I could eat like that.'

And he stood back and gazed with admiration at my display of talent for eating when hungry.

'Come come, what's up?' I asked, holding up the half a biscuit, and preparing to follow up the success with the other half.

'Good heavens, Jack! how often do you eat?' he asked, but without giving me time to reply, he added: 'But I've got to stop you now, for old Maylord is down to the station swearing like a marine, because you got the start of him, and got away before he saw you.'

Maylord was the Superintendent, and as I knew something was wrong somewhere, I replied: 'Tell him I will be down after supper.'

'That won't do Jack. You've got to catch the express, and she has been gone twenty minutes now. We've got the engine out of the house, and all fired up. She'll be blowing up by the time we get back.

I will not say that I uttered very angry words, but something stuck very hard in my throat, a half a biscuit, I suppose. I seized an apple from the table and tossed it to Jim, who I knew had not been to supper and then I went for my hat and started.

I found Maylord pacing to and fro in the storm of snow and sleet, and growling like a hungry dog.

'Can you catch the express before she reaches town?' he asked hurriedly.

'I can try, but why not telegraph?' I asked.

'That's the mischief of it,' he snarled. 'The wires are down.'

'Well, speak lively, for there's no time to fool away,' said I, not remarkably good humored at the prospect. Moreover, I had no very particular liking for John Maylord Esq.

He took a letter from his pocket and gave it to me.

'Catch the train Jack, and give the letter to conductor Adams. Whatever he gives you, bring back to me without delay.' Now there was something quite mysterious about this, but, so far I had no right to question, so I turned to Jim and asked if he had taken any water.

'Nary a drop, Jack.'

'Never mind the water,' cried Maylord, 'you have enough to run down.'

'Mr. Maylord, I am running this engine, and can't do it without water. If you can, just take my place.'

He turned away with something like an oath, and I backed up to the tank house.

Just as I stopped, a veiled lady sprang up lightly into the cab.

'You must let me go with you,' she whispered, at the same time stepping further back into the shadow, so that my fireman might not see her.

I was amazed at her sudden appearance and strange request; but before I could reply, she drew aside her veil, revealing the beautiful face of Nellie Maylord.

'Why, Miss Maylord, you cannot mean it!' I exclaimed; yet at the same time I really hoped that she did; for to tell the truth Jack Everett was in love with her. Of course no one knew it but myself, and I had hitherto been content with a smile or a word, which she often gave notwithstanding her father's frowns. To have her so near to me, and talking with me, rushed me up to the top shelf of hopeless bliss.

'I must go, Mr. Everett,' said she, 'I know it may seem strange to you, but when one is in danger one must do strange things to escape.'

'In danger?'

'Yes, and I want you to save me.'

As she said this, she lifted her lustrous eyes to me and gave me a look that surprised me out of my usual prudence. I replied: 'I will protect you with my life, if need be, for I love you better than my own.'

I could not see her face then, for she had turned it away, and, frightened at what I had done, I hastened to ask her forgiveness.

'Tut! tut!' she said, placing her hand over my mouth. 'If that is true, you surely will let me go with you, for a fate worse than death awaits me here. Say yes.'

And what could I say?

All this took place while Jim was at the back end of the tender taking in water, when he came back to the cab Nellie was demurely seated upon my seat. I gave him the hint to keep mum, and pulling open the throttle, away we started on our wild night ride.

How old Ariel flew over the iron parallels! Accustomed as I was to the noble engine yet I sometimes quaked with sudden terror, and shut off the steam. I was thinking of Nellie then, and life never seemed so sweet before. Then as the speed slackened, I would give my noble steed the reign again, and true to the touch, she would leap ahead like a thing of life—past houses, villages and towns, seen ahead for a second, and then far behind us. All the while I stood by Nellie with one hand on the throttle and the other on the reversing lever, peering ahead on the track illuminated by the Ariel's head light.

I dared not look at Nellie, for our lives depended on my vigilance. I knew not when I might overtake the train; so I stood with her so near me, yet too far from me. Sometimes I spoke to her, and she would put up her lips to my ear to reply. Again the little hand would clasp my arm as I sped over some rough pieces of the road that threatened to shake the iron monster to pieces, but a word would reassure her.

At length, in turning a curve, I saw the red light on the rear of the express, and so suddenly, that had I not been on my guard, there would have been one less passenger coach on the road; who can tell where Jack Everett would have been? But I was prepared, and there was no danger.

My whistle was recognized, for there was not another like it on the road, and no doubt, wondering what sent the Ariel after them, they stopped for me.

'Well, I'm beat,' exclaimed Charlie Adams, the conductor. 'What is in the wind now, Jack?'

For reply I gave him the letter.

'W-h-e-w! Here, Jack, see what you make of it.'

'*Conductor Adams:* My daughter Nellie Maylord, is running away from her home. I have every reason to believe that she is on your train. Send her back to me on the Ariel, in charge of Everett. Use force if necessary. JOHN MAYLORD.'

I think I gave a longer and more emphatic whistle than Charlie.

'There is something at the bottom of this.'

'Exactly; Jack, and if she were on my train I would not use force to take her back to the old hunk—nary a bit. I would rather take her on the other way and then keep her away.'

'Then Charlie, I'll put her aboard your train and send her along. She is in my cab now.'

Charlie gave vent to an expression more forcible than elegant, and after I told him how I came to have Nellie there, he wrote on the back of John Maylord's letter;

'Midway Between C— and A—.
Nov. 12, 12:30 a. m.

John Maylord, Esq: The Ariel has overtaken me, and I have your communication. Miss Nellie Maylord is not on my train, nor has she been this trip.

CHARLES ADAMS.'

'There, Jack, that does not tell him that she will not be on. Now let us hustle or I shall not make time.'

The transfer was quickly made, but not without some regret on my part, and I started back.

On my return, John Maylord was waiting for me.

'Where is she?' he asked, jumping into the cab.

I feigned ignorance and handed him the letter.

Some prodigious oaths escaped from his lips, but as they were not directed to me I had nothing to say. Then he hurriedly left me.

This was not the last of it, however I was put through a course of questioning the next day that would have done credit to a criminal lawyer, and if I do not mistake, John Maylord went home none the wiser,

I met Charlie Adams, too.

'Jack,' said he, 'you have won her everlasting gratitude, not to use a stronger term. It was a close rub though. Old Maylord—he's only her uncle after all—was determined to marry her to old Silver, and as she had not lived quite long enough to be her own mistress—she was only one day short—she could not do better than to run away. The danger is over, and she has chosen for herself. Better go up as soon as you can. Here is her address. And Jack, my boy, there are two things you must not forget—that she has got a cool hundred thousand, and your humble servant when the wedding comes off.'

It is needless to say that I went up, even at the risk of losing the Ariel, and that I had success there. While John Maylord was turning the adjacent country upside down in search of Nellie, I quietly married her.

Perhaps John Maylord was mad when he heard of it, but he passed over Nellie's property without a murmur. But I did not run the Ariel any more, and Nellie now has the love I once had for my noble engine, and that other love besides. It is not more than she deserves.

'Boy, what has become of the hole I saw in your pants the other day?' Young America, carefully examining his unmentionables—'It's worn out, sir.'

BRAZILIAN COMMERCE.

In connection with the proposed survey of the American river and its tributaries our present commerce with Brazil assumes unusual importance. It is well known that the Brazilian Government has territorial possession of and jurisdiction over the country bordering upon that stream from its mouth to the Peruvian boundary. With a view of placing before the readers of the REPUBLICAN, in a succinct form, all accessible information upon this subject, the following tables have been compiled from authentic sources, and now first published in this form, showing the rapid increase of our commerce with Brazil during a period of twenty-six years and its present magnitude. This period embraces the year 1848, the last of the Mexican war, and the last one prior to the discovery of gold. It should be remembered that since that epoch the United States has been a gold-producing country, and that much of the labor that would otherwise have sought employment in manufacturing and agricultural pursuits has been diverted to the production of gold. Consequently this product of their labor has been largely drawn upon in payment for those importations of raw material and sugar and coffee which we have received from American countries south of us, which would have been paid for in other products and manufactures if all our labor had been expended in those directions.

Brazil borders upon all the South American States except Chili and Patagonia, and occupies more than two-fifths of the continent of South America. After Russia, it has the most extensive contiguous territory of any government on the globe. It is divided into twenty provinces containing 3,200,000 square miles, and, in 1871, had a population of 9,913,009. There are, besides, about 200,000 nomadic Indians. The enumerated population consists of white aborigines and Africans. The people of mixed blood probably compose two-thirds of the whole population, the remainder being whites. The government is a constitutional and hereditary monarchy, Don Pedro II being the present Emperor.

The army has a total strength of 611,241 men, and the navy of 8,423. Of naval vessels, Brazil has eighteen iron-clads, twenty-seven corvettes, two gun-boats and seven transports, with thirty-three sails of the line, having an armament of 316 guns.

The chief article of export from Brazil is coffee. She supplies four-fifths of the consumption of the United States, and more than half of that of the world. Cotton, sugar, cacao, hides, horns, tobacco, India-rubber and diamonds are also produced and exported in large quantities. * * *

In 1857 her exportations of coffee were 2,099,780 sacks, and in 1870, 2,309,456 sacks. Her highest recorded exports of coffee were 2,564,975 sacks in 1869. She also exported in 1870, 6840 boxes of sugar, 17,919 bales of cotton, hides, and 1,65,909 horns. * * *

The United States took 1,373,654 sacks of the 2,209,456 exported in 1870, and fully the same proportion of the whole quantity exported since that date. During the year ending September 30, 1872, Brazil furnished 856,000 of the 4,773,000 bales of cotton consumed by Europe. The value of exports to Great Britain in 1870 was $30,637,240, and that of imports $26,831,170. The value of British cotton manufactures imported in 1869 was almost exactly covered by that of the raw cotton exported to the United Kingdom in the same year. * * *

Commercial enterprise of all sorts are rapidly increasing in Brazil, the Government showing a sagacious encouragement of them by granting liberal concessions to British and American capitalists for railways and steamer lines. Street-railways are common in Rio de Janeiro, and are well patronized by the population, male and female. They are considered an important aid to the development of local traffic.—*National Republican.*

A MODERN ANANIAS.—A Denver journalist, whose name, had he lived in Jerusalem in the first century, would probably have appeared in the fifth chapter of Acts instead of that of Ananias, has erected a modern sensation. While a mother is washing her baby, her daughter appears covered with blood, and says that she has cut off Johnny's head. The mother asks "Why." "Because you said you'd do it if he took any preserves, and he took some." The mother imprinted a knock of affection on her daughter's brow with a wash board, killing her immediately, then dropped the baby into a tub of scalding water, then "rushed from the house a howling maniac, uttering shrieks which filled" nearly two columns of the paper. Prudent mothers in Denver no longer wash there babes.

A Musician, George Sharp, had his name on his door-plate thus: 'G. Sharp' A wag of a painter, who knew something of music, early one morning made the following undeniable and significant addition: 'Is A flat.'

An old bachelor says that giving the ballot to women would not amount to anything practically, because they would keep saying that they weren't old enough to vote until they got too old to take any interest in politics.

THE DEBTS OF OUR PEOPLE.

We are not of those croakers who foresee national disgrace, national bankruptcy, and national disasters of every imaginable kind, as the result of the present depressed condition of affairs; but candor compels us to admit that the outlook is serious—more serious, we fear, than the average Congressmen believes it to be. When it is remembered that with Congress alone resides the duty of providing relief this lack of appreciation must be accepted as exceedingly unfortunate. Yet it requires only the briefest investigation to prove that the country is sadly in need of that relief.

According to the censut of 1870 the official valuation of property in the United States was $30,000,000,000. It has been estimated since the census was taken that our national debt, the debts of States, cities, counties and towns, the debts of individuals, and the amount of railroad bond and mortgage indebtedness amounts in the aggregate to about $12,000,000,000, the interest upon which at 7 per cent. is $840,000,000, or 3 per cent. of the official valuation of the total amount of property. But a large proportion of that total valuation yields no return, as much of the property embraced therein is of the nature of permanent or non-interest bearing investments. The remainder must therefore bear the burden of defraying the interest accruing upon the aggregate indebtedness.

We are of the opinion, however, that the total valuation, as reported by the census-takers, was too small. It was impossible for the enumerators in the Southern States, for instance, in 1870, to make even an approximate valuation of the property in their respective districts, while in the Northwest it is well known that they signally failed to obtain even a correct enumeration of the population. But these blunders, while they avail to increase the interest-yielding valuation, do not avail to decrease the amount of interest to be paid. The sum of $840,000,000 interest remains, and it must be admitted as a very reasonable estimate. It is based upon the assumption that the average rate of interest throughout the country is seven per cent.—*National Republican.*

LOUISVILLE January 3.—Thomas Cook, aged twenty eight, stabbed his wife, aged eighteen years, five times yesterday, inflicting mortal wounds. His mother in law, Mrs. Rutledge, attempted to interfere when Cook stabbed her in the back, and then cut his own throat. Mrs. Rutledge died in a few moments, and Cook and his wife are in a sinking condition. The stabbing was done with a pocket knife.

Cook is under indictment for setting fire to his own house, and it is strongly suspected that he set fire to a house in which several negroes were burned to death, some time ago. He alleges that his wife has been unfaithful to him.

"Pray, sir, of what profession are you?' ask Mr. Edward James of a witness who had come prepared to prove a fact, and who was deemed not very respectable. 'Sir, I am a shoemaker and wine merchant.' 'A what, sir," said the learned counsel. 'A wine merchant and shoemaker.' 'Then,' said Mr. James, "I may describe you as a sherry cobbler.'

'Well, Mr.——, how do you feel?' said a friend to a defeated candidate a few days after election. 'I feel, I suppose,' he replied, 'as Lazarus did.' 'How was that?' 'Why,' said he, 'Lazarus was licked by dogs, and so am I.

Squabbles, an old-bachelor, showed his stocking, which he had just darned, to a maiden lady, who contemptuously remarked, 'Pretty good for a man darner' Whereupon Squabble remarked, 'And good enough for a woman darn her.'

'Oh, Mary, my heart is breaking!' said an Aberdeen lover to his Highland Mary. 'Is it, indeed? So much the better for you,' was her quiet reply. 'Why, my idol?' 'Because, Mr. MacSmith, when it is broken out and out, you can sell the pieces for gundints.'

An Englishman once asked a Seneca Indian if he knew that the sun never set on the Queen's dominion. 'No,' said the Indian. 'And do you know the reason why?' asked the loyal Briton. 'Because God is afraid to trust an Englishman in the dark.'

'Fred,' said a young man, walking up State street in Chicago the other day, after listening to his wonderful story, 'do you know why you are like a harp struck by lightning?' 'No,' says Fred, 'give it up.' 'Because a harp struck by lightning is a blasted lyre.'

It was Platt Evans, of Cincinnati, who taught his friends how to buy tender geese, but he could not always get them in market. One morning he saw a lot and inquired of the farmer how many there were. 'About a dozen,' was the reply. 'W-w-well,' said Platt. 'I k-k-keep b-b-boarding-house, and my b-b-boarders are the darndest e-e-eaters you ever s-s-saw. P-p-pick me out n-nine of the t-t-toughest you've g-g-got' The farmer complied, and laid aside the other three tenderones. Platt picked them up carefully, and putting them into his basket, said. 'I b-b-believe I'll t-t-take these three.'

THE REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

NEW YORK, January 3.—The regular services of the Reformed Episcopal church will begin to morrow, when Bishop Cummins will preach. Bishop Cummins says: "The Reformed Episcopal church is founded on the principles for which low churchmen have been contending, and about the validity of its orders there can be no question. It would be premature to give the names of the laymen in this city who may be expected to give in their adhesion to the new church, but there is abundant proof that the spirit of a considerable portion of the Protestant Episcopal church in New York is ripe for this departure. The accession of Rev. Dr. Goddard, rector of one of the largest and most important churches on Staten Island, is a good sign. Numerous offers from clergymen of other denominations expressing their readiness to take part in the work have been received. Presbyterian, Methodist and Baptist ministers have expressed a desire to take charge of new organization in this movement. From men of note in other Christian bodies there have come suggestions looking towards a probable or possible union between the new church and portions of such Christian bodies. A prominent doctor of divinity of New England Babtists, and the editor of an important religious journal in Baltimore are among those who have written favoring such a step. One of the foremost Methodist preachers in Illinois, the president of a college there, has given utterance to cordial approval of and unreserved sympathy with the movement."

The Senate to-day confirmed Hon. Caleb Cushing as Minister to Spain. Mr. Cushing's commission makes him a Virginian.

Washington, January 6.—It is understood that the problem of the Chief Justiceship will be solved by peremptory withdrawal on the part of Attorney General Williams.

New Orleans, January 6.—A special from Austin, Texas, reports that the law under which the late 'general election was held has been decided unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

A ROYAL ROW.

A correspondent, writing from Rome, says: I "will give you a bit of startling gossip. I do not vouch for its truth, although it must have some foundation. The King and his heir, war. The Prince refuses to come to Rome, gives his reasons, refuses to allow the Princess Marguerite to come, and the King, in reply, threatens to send a guard and bring Prince Humbert *per forza.* He is commandant of Rome, and Rome must be his residence in the Parliament season, no matter what may be his objections. My news came from Paplini sources, and of course, must be taken with the necessary grains of difference required by party spirit and the good reasons of the Prince. The Palazzina, a building at the end of the Quirinale, near the Quattro Fontane, has been fitted up at great expense and with much splendor; so it has been supposed that it was for the King's own residence. Now it is said that he intends to place 'Rosine,' the Countess Mirafiori, in it. Prince Humbert has never acknowledged the marriage of his father to this notorious woman, which took place five years ago, nor will he allow her or hers to appear at court. It is well known that the King wishes to have her acknowledge publicly as his wife, and this establishing her at the Palazzina of the Quirinale is regarded as the first step towards that end.'

'Paddy, my boy,' said a gentleman to an Irishman whom he observed fishing away at a deep pool, 'that must be a favorite stream for trout.' 'Faith and sure it must be the same, for I have been standing here these three hours, and not one of 'em come out of it.'

Dallas (Texas) Herald: "An industrious and faithful mechanic of this city found his hat lined with five dollar gold pieces as he raised it to place upon his head on Christmas morning. A testimonial from an appreciattive employer.'

A country pedagogue in Henry county, Indiana, requested all of his scholars to 'write a piece,' under penalty of a thrashing. A rising genius got off the following;

'Lord of love,
Look down from above,
On us poor scholars;
We have hired a fool
To teach our school,
And pay him fifty dollars.'

Says the Atchison (Kansas) Globe: 'While the soldiers were digging up the dead at old Fort Kearney, a few days since, one coffin was taken up that was literally filled with snakes. Some wag remarked that it was plain enough what that fellow died of.'

'Her Face Was Her Fortune,' will soon be followed by 'His Cheek Was What Made Him.'

A Philadelphia bookkeeper added the year 1872 to his column of figures, and, as he couldn't account for the deficiency in receipts, he was arrested.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JAN. 14, 1874.

SPEECH OF

Senator John W. Norwood,

Delivered in the Senate of North Carolina on Tuesday Dec. 16th 1873.

ON THE SUBJECT OF THE STATE DEBT.

Mr. President: I have two objections to the bill under consideration, which in my opinion, ought to prevent its passage. Other objections to it, I reserve for a general view of the whole subject, which I desire to take, in support of the amendment, which I had the honor to offer as a substitute for the bill.

First. This bill *assuming the State to be insolvent*, proposes with $6,000,000, to pay off something over $22,000,000, of our debt, which reaches nearly $40,000,000 and for that purpose. It divides the holders of our bonds, for that amount, of debt into three classes.

The first and favored class, holding bonds to the amount of $3,632,200, are to be paid fifty cents in the dollar. The second class, holding bonds to the amount of $7,259,160. are to receive thirty cents in the dollar, and the third class, holding bonds to the amount of $11,171,689, are to receive twenty cents in the dollar.

Now as the entire debt of 22,000,000 consists of State bonds of $1,000 each; and as by the provisions of this bill, each and every one of these bond holders, is allowed to come in separately to your Public Treasurer and demand and receive a new a good bond for his old one, according to the per centage allowed to the class, to which it belongs: Now suppose, only one half of the bonds making this $22,000,000 of debt, shall thus be presented and exchanged; what I ask, will be the consequence to the State? Simply this. You will have incurred a new and valid debt stronger even than the special tax bonds of $3,000,000, and you will have imposed an additional annual tax of $180,000 upon the people; which will be already levied by the law creating it, and beyond your power to recall, alter, or change; and yet there will remain against us outstanding and unpaid, $11,000,000 or one half of this same debt. For one I am not willing to make such a bargain. And I cannot believe the people will sanction such a financial scheme.

Sir, let the friends of this bill amend it, by requiring all the bonds representing the entire debt, of $22,000,000, to be first filed with the Public Treasurer, before he is allowed to issue a single new bond. Or at the very least, let the State be protected by a satisfactory guarantee, that all the bonds shall come in, and be exchanged on the terms offered by the bill. We will then have some security against cruel disappointment; a heavy burden of increased taxation; and an entire failure to restore the credit of the State, in the money markets of the world. The Senator from Randolph has no hesitation in assuring us that all the bond-holders will agree to the compromise, then they are all ready to come forward with their bonds. Let them do it.

Sir, there is another objection of a like character, to this bill, but far more important and fatal.

There is another large class of State bonds outstanding against us, which are not embraced in this bill at all. I mean the special tax bonds, amounting in principal money alone to $11,400,000, with several millions of past due interest upon them, and increasing annually at the rate of $684,000. In the very forcible speech which the Senator from Randolph (Mr. Worth) made in support of his bill, he denounced these special tax bonds as fraudulent and void, and had no fear that any court would ever enforce them against us; and therefore he left them out of his bill. The Senator from Mecklenburg (Mr. Waring) asks me if I think, there is any mode by which these special tax bonds can be collected; and if so how it can be accomplished. I had just reached that very point, and will proceed to answer the inquiry. As an individual, I believe these bonds to be unconstitutional and void, and join in the condemnation of them as fraudulent and infamous. But sir, my opinion or the solemn declaration of this General Assembly to that effect will not relieve us in this great emergency. It is a question for the Courts to decide. And the Courts have already spoken. In the Supreme Court of North Carolina, in the case of University R. R. Co's. against Holden Gov. reported in 63 vol. of N. C. Reports page 410, four Judges of that Court against the single opinion of Chief Justice Pearson to the contrary, held these bonds to be valid. I have the case before me and refer senators particularly to the opinion of Judge Settle, in which he condenses the opinions of the other three associate Judges and agrees with them in pronouncing the bonds to be constitutional and valid. Here is the voice of the highest Judicial Tribunal in the State, declaring the bonds to be good.

And but a few days ago, here in the city of Raleigh the Circuit Court of the United States, followed the lead of our Supreme Court, and declared the bonds to be good, and declared further that the act of the General Assembly which repealed the Act creating the bonds, was itself unconstitutional and void. But supposing the Courts do hold them to be good, by what process I am asked, can they be possibly collected? Sir, I answer the question with a feeling of concern almost amounting to terror. By the very acts of the Legislature by which that $11,400,000 of our State debt is created, an actual levy is made upon all the real and personal taxable property of the State, of ¼ of 1 per cent, to pay the annual interest during the whole period of 30 years which they have to run, *to be collected as other taxes are collected.* And Sir, it is by law made the business and duty of the Auditor to have that tax collected as other taxes are collected. And it is done simply by adding another column to his tax schedule, when he issues it to the Sheriffs of the State. That little act, of one man, is all that saves the people of the State from the collection or the attempted collection of this enormous and most iniquitous tax. By a single hair the fatal sword is suspended over us.

And at this very moment, we are threatened with new suits to compel the collection of this interest. Sir let us wait a little longer, and be in no hurry to take this leap in the dark. And when we do act, let us consider well and deliberately, what we are about, and make a sure and safe business of it, and not make the terrible bankr, which I fear this bill would lead us into; by imposing an additional heavy weight of taxation upon the people, and after it has been done, still leave such an enormous load of public debt hanging over them, as will be sufficient to crush them down to the earth, and inevitably prevent the restoration of our public credit, and as effectually prevent the renovation of our prosperity as a State. The great objects which we have in view,

THE SUBSTITUTE FOR THE BILL.

I will now proceed to the consideration of the amendment which I have had the honor to offer as a substitute for the bill under discussion.

These resolutions affirm four propositions:

I. That the people are so much impoverished by the war as to be unable, *at the present time*, by taxation, to pay any part of the public debt.

II. That our new State Government, imposes as heavy a burden of taxation upon the people as they can bear in their present impoverished circumstances.

III. That the people of North Carolina are not responsible for the late war, or its calamitous consequences.

IV. That the General Government, should assume the payment of so much of our public debt, as in justice and equity, ought to be paid. Or at least, should lend to the State such financial aid, and credit, as will enable us to provide for the total extinction of the debt, upon just and reasonable terms, without oppressing the people.

OUR LOSSES BY THE WAR.

First Proposition. The people are so much impoverished by the war as to be unable *at the present time*, by taxation, to pay any part of their Public Debt.

Sir, is this true? Allow me to read a paragraph, from the able statement of our public debt, which is presented to us by the Public Treasurer, in his annual Report and will be found at tenth page:

"I have already stated, says the Public Treasurer these losses which are demonstrated by the present condition of the investments entered into by the State. It is not necessary to add to the list, the enormous destruction of our property by the war; the annihilation of our system of labor; the ruin of our wealthiest people by the abolition of slavery; the death or disabling of multitudes of our young men in battle or by disease; the sweeping away of our personal property, our horses, our cattle, our farming implements; the deterioration of our lands. It is not necessary to call to mind the effects on a half ruined people, of the financial troubles of 1867, and the present year. Every fair minded man will admit, that if ever a State can be justified in demanding that creditors should abate a part of their demands; proportioned to losses, unforeseen by both parties, at the time of the creation of the debt; that State is North Carolina."

Sir, what are the items embraced in this comprehensive statement of our losses by the war? I will enumerate some of them:

Let us estimate the loss of 331,000 slaves worth in 1860	$200,000,000
Bank Currency at	8,000,000
Bank Stock at	8,800,000
Investments in Internal Improvements, total loss at	21,000,000
Destruction and loss of all other property, deterioration of lands, and loss of labor system, at	62,700,000
	$300,000,000

And we have a grand total of $300,000,000 which sum will be fully sustained by a full examination of the subject.

Yes sir, we may put down our material loss, at not less than $300,000,000. But by what rule will you arrive at the loss to the State of the thousands of the flowers of her youth, and the prime of her manhood who fell in battle, or lingered out their lives in prisons, and hospitals; and by what rule will you estimate the public loss to the State, arising from the annual emigration of large numbers of our most public spirited energetic and valuable citizens, reluctantly leaving their native State with all its strong ties and memories, behind them, to fight the great battle of life in strange lands, because from our ruined condition, they have no sufficient trust and confidence in the belief that North Carolina can again regain her former prosperity?

But we must add to this dark and terrible enumeration of losses and calamities, one other, greater than all the rest. Our State Government was taken away from us, and another strange and unsuitable Government was imposed upon us by arbitrary power, under which Carpet Baggers, Officers in the service of the United States, and other plunderers came in, who seemed to think that what was left to us was their own appropriate spoil to be divided among themselves.

OUR PRESENT CONDITION—PRESENT TAXATION.

Sir, from this imperfect catalogue of our losses let us turn for a moment to a view of our present condition; and the ability of the people to bear the taxation already imposed upon them; and let us draw our information from the most reliable sources at our command.

I begin by referring to the United States Census of 1850 by which the population of North Carolina is put down at 992,622, and again by the census of 1870, our population is put at 1,071,361. That is to say; in 20 years we gain in population only 78,739. If increase of population is evidence of increase of wealth we are making slow progress indeed—many single cities probably have outstripped us. But perhaps we had a much richer population. Let us see. By the same census for 1860, the number of acres in farms was 20,986,983; again by the census of 1870 the number of acres in farms was only 19,835,410. Showing a positive decrease of the number of acres in farms for that period of ten years to be 1,161,673. But perhaps the land retained in farms made up for the loss in quantity, by being greatly improved and thereby presenting a larger general value. No such consolation. All will admit that owing to our system of agriculture, our land is gradually wearing out; and the area of waste and sterile land is annually increasing, and the decrease of fertility in the lands actually retained in cultivation is far greater in proportion, than the loss in the number of acres.

Popular education is the only remedy for this deplorable evil, and all persons will also admit, that owing to the present condition of our labor system—or rather want of system—the average lands of North Carolina cannot be cultivated with hired labor at all. The cost of production, being more than the value of the crop produced, and attempts to work ordinary lands by tenants have proved to be more ruinous still. What sirs is to become of people who are physically unable to do their own work?

But we will proceed. Sir, we are also a stock raising people. That is a material branch of our business. And if any Senator thinks the leanness and poverty of the State has not been sufficiently shown, to excuse her for not being able to meet the enormous demands of our public creditors, let him prepare a table from the Auditors report, exhibiting the number of horses, mules, cattle, hogs and sheep in each county, as compared with the inhabitants of the county, and while he is so engaged, I will ask another friend, to prepare another exhibit, showing what millions of dollars it costs this *agricultural and stock raising* population of North Carolina annually to obtain from abroad, *work animals, commercial manures, meat, grain, molasses &c,* for the payment of which, farms, crops, and all plantation property, are now under mortgage to a frightful extent.

I will myself only add further in this connection, that the currency *allowed us* is only about $1.50 per head for all our people for all purposes of business. And as was naturally to have been expected, from this state of things, the National Banks, extort from the people the most enormous interest; the rate of 18 per cent per annum being exacted by them as the lowest interest at which loans of money can be had. And as was also naturally to have been expected, our own State banks, follow the example of the national banks, and lord it over a crushed and submissive people, in the same way. And no general business except extortion has seemed to prosper, since the war.

The property, and the occupations, trades and business, of the people of North Carolina, have been assessed under oath, by duly appointed public officers, for the purposes of taxation. For the last fiscal year ending 30th September 1873; what did it all amount to.

I read sir from the Auditors Report.

Total valuation of Land $70,172,370. Why sir, our public debt is more than half the sum. The lands of the State loaded with debt to more than half their value! Town property $13,835,078, which is loaded down since the new order of things, by local taxes more than it can bear. The next item is value of Horses, Cattle, Mules and other domestic animals $16,091,578. How much northern hay, and north-western corn, and oats, are bought to support them? The last item is for, value of farming utensils, money on hand, or on deposit, solvent credits &c., $23,839,430. This last item exhibit, first, the whole furnishing of all the implements of husbandry of 1,071,361 people engaged in agricultural; second, all that they have realized in the way of accumulated profits; third, the value of all kinds of business! Such is a very imperfect picture of our actual condition.

PRESENT AMOUNT OF TAXATION.

The grand sum total of the whole is $124,821,456. And upon that magnificent schedule of taxables which assessment was made last year for the support of government.

I read again from the Auditors report. There was collected for State Taxes $180,615. For all county purposes $912,908. This statement does not embrace Township, City, and Town Taxes for local purposes, which estimated at $200,000 will probably be under the actual sum collected. Add these amounts together, and we have the aggregate sum of $1,593,523, assessed and collected on a valuation of only $124,821,456 in property and effects, of which, at least one half, is unproductive.

CAN THE PEOPLE BEAR HIGHER TAXATION.

Sir, if the people can bear any further taxation, at the present time, it must be for objects which impose a higher obligation, *a more imperious necessity* upon them than even the admitted high and solemn obligation, of paying the just and honest portion of their public debt. I will enumerate some of these objects.

1st We must put our system of Common School Education, upon a sure and reliable foundation. Half our population over ten years of age, cannot read or write, and 'all political power is vested in and derived from them.' They hold all offices in their gift; 'life liberty and properity' are at their disposal. I suppose, the wildest enthusiasm for universal suffrage, and equality before the law, never dreamed that such a mass of illiterates could safely be trusted with the Government of a State. For this, and other cogent reasons, the people must be educated.

2. A Penitentiary is on hand, and a large number of our common jails have become insufficient for the safe keeping of and safety of prisoners, and are otherwise unfit for the confinement of human beings. And State policy, and common humanity, join, in requiring a great reformation in this respect.

3. The present state of the country has added greatly to the number of the destitute and helpless poor, both white and black, throughout the State; a considerable portion of them being destitute orphans. Their friends and neighbors have not their former ability to take care of them. The destitute poor must be succored, and the orphans taken in out of the cold.

4. But above all these; there is another class of dependents, still more helpless; and on that account more deserving our pity and our care. I mean the one thousand idiots; and half that number of insane persons; whom the ministering hand of our public charities has not yet reached. Hundreds of them, daily knock at the door of our noble Asylum. But the door is shut. They cannot enter in; because there is no room. Afflicted of God! Neglected and forsaken of their fellow-creatures! they return again to their hopeless destitution and misery.

Sir, if it were possible, for one united, intelligent voice, to ascend to us, from this assembled mass of our suffering fellow creatures—would we could hear these memorable words?

'We are an hungered, and ye give us no meat; we are thirsty and ye give us no drink; we are strangers, and ye take us not in; naked and ye clothe us not; sick and in prison and ye visit us not.'

Yes, sir, literally in prison. The distinguished Senator from Sampson (Dr. Murphy) as President of our Board of Public charities, in describing the neglected condition of this most miserable class of afflicted fellow creatures, in language which went to the innermost soul of every Senator on this floor, among other things, told us, that some of them were confined in common prisons, and in pens, in a state, too loathsome and shocking to be repeated.

Sir, God in his great goodness, has bestowed upon us, faculties, which he has denied to them. Shall we 'pass by on the other side,' and leave them to their suffering? It cannot be.

Sir, as I have shown; the people of North Carolina now pay a tax of $1,500,000 besides what they pay to the General Government. *If they can pay more*, it must be for the purposes which I have enumerated. And in humble judgment *it must be done, if we have to live on half rations, while it is being accomplished.*

The only chance of the success of our Government requires it—our common Christianity requires it—common humanity requires it—a great overwhelming necessity requires it.

And the same overwhelming necessity requires that the payment of even the just and honest portion of our public debt shall be postponed.

But our creditors may perhaps turn upon us, and say, 'You brought all your trouble on yourselves, and we ought not to be made suffer for it.' I say not so. And this brings me to my third proposition:

The people of North Carolina are not responsible for the late war or its calamitous consequences.

[To Be Continued.]

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE and Residence, opposite Mrs. Ruffin's. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.
Jan. 12 '74 3m.

A NEW BOOK.
BUSBEE'S North Carolina Justice and Form Book now in Press, and will be ready for delivery and sale Feb. 1st 1874.
Price Half bound Sheep back & muslin sides $2 00
Full Law Sheep style, $2 25
Sent by mail on receipt of price. Send in your orders. JASH ESNESS, Publisher.
Jan 7th 2m. Raleigh.

NOTICE.
HAVING this day qualified as Administrator of Elisha D. Hendon and also as Administrator of Susan Hendon, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against either of said Estates to present them to me properly authenticated on or before Jan. 8th 1875, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to either of said estates will please make payment and save cost.
C. W. JOHNSTON,
Adm'r. of Elisha D. Hendon.
jan 8 '74 6t. *Adm'r* of Susan Hendon.

NOTICE.
On Thursday January the 29th 1874.
AT the residence of the late Mrs. Susan Hendon, I will offer for sale for Cash, the personal property belonging to Elisha D. Hendon, deceased, and Susan Hendon deceased. Consisting of a
Mule, Cows. One Yoke of Oxen. Hogs. Wheat. Bacon, one good Wagon. Household and Kitchen Furniture.
C. W. JOHNSTON.
Adm'r. of Elisha D. Hendon,
jan 14 2w. and Mrs. Susan Hendon.

Dissolution of Partnership.
THE Co-partnership of Parks and Faucett, heretofore existing between James Parks & Robert Faucett was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st of January 1874. All persons indebted to the firm will make payment to JOHN M. MAKWOOD, our authorized agent, within 30 days or other steps will be taken for collection.
PARKS & FAUCETT.
Jan 14 1874 4w.

Boot and Shoe Making.

I WILL continue this business in the store formerly occupied by Strayhorn and Parish, next door west of J. M. Blackwood, and will be glad to see my old friends and customers. Good work guaranteed, and prices satisfactory.
ROBERT FAUCETT.
Jan. 14 6t.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE For 1874.
200 PAGES; 500 Engravings, and Colored Plate. Published Quarterly, at 25 cents a year. First No. for 1874 just issued. A German edition at same price. Address
JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

Horner & Graves's School.
TRANSFERRED TO
HILLSBORO, N. C.
A Classical, Mathematical, Scientific AND
MILITARY ACADEMY.
WITH
A full Corps of Instructors.
THE Spring Session of TWENTY Weeks will begin the 2nd Monday in January.
TERMS:

Board and Tuition, including fuel and furnished rooms,	$150.
Tuition for Day Scholars in preparatory Department,	$ 25.
" " for Eng. Course in Academic Department's,	35.
" " Scientific course "	35.
" " Classical course, "	50.

English and Scientific Day Scholars only will be charged for French, German and Book Keeping, an additional fee of five dollars for each.
Circulars containing full particulars, will be furnished by the Principals, at Oxford, N. C., until the 1st of January, or by Maj. D. H. Hamilton, at Hillsboro.
Hillsboro, Dec. 1 1873. tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to me must come forward and make settlement. It should be evident to all that long credit cannot be given these Panicky times.
Jan 7 1t. JAMES WEBB, Jr.

Williamson Upchurch & Thomas.
Wholesale Grocers Cotton Factors AND
Commission Merchants,
53 Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N. C.
We sell Cotton for Fifty cents per Bale.
KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of Bagging and Ties.
Refers to—J. W. Cheek, Durham.
W. F. Strond, Chapel Hill. ja73m

John Armstrong.
No. 1 Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh. N. C.
BOOK BINDER AND
Blank Book Manufacturer.
NEWSPAPERS, Magazines and Law Books of every description bound in the very best Style and at Lowest Prices. Jan 7 1y.

St. Mary's School,
RALEIGH, N. C.
Founded, 1842.
FOR more than thirty one years this School has been conducted by the Rev. Abbott Smedes, D. D. He is the Rev. Bennett Smedes, A. M., is his assistant. Bishops Atkinson and Lyman are visitors.
In respect to accessibility and healthfulness of situation, extent and convenience of buildings and grounds, and moderation in charges, this School challenges a comparison with any similar institution.
The sixty fourth term will open Jan. 29th.
For a circular containing full information, apply to the Rector. jan 72t.

TOBACCO FACTORY
FOR RENT.
THE Factory now occupied by Webb Renlhac & Co., Will be rented for the year 1874.
Apply to JAMES WEBB, Jr.
jan. 14 2t.

J E SCHOOLFIELD, & Co.
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
Cooking Stoves. Wagon and Buggy Material.
DANVILLE, VA.
Peyton's old stand opposite Hickson and Tyack. Jan. 8 '74. 1y.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA.
Paid in Capital $500.000.
Designated Depository of the United States and Financial Agent.
W. H. WILLARD, President.
C. DEWEY, Cashier.
Make collections in any part of the country at low rates.
DIRECTORS:
C. Dewey, W. H. Willard, A. S. Merrimon,
R. S. Tucker, W. J. Hawkins, A. G. Lee,
W. G. Upchurch.
Nov. 25th 1873 1y.

Steam Engines and Boilers.
SAW MILLS,
WOOD WORKING MACHINERY.
Grist Mill Machinery
AND
MILL FURNISHING GOODS
ALSO
Second Hand Engines and Boilers.
Send for Circular.
RAHM & HUNTER,
Richmond,
Dec. 3 3m. Va.

ORANGE COUNTY—*Superior Court.*

James M. Corbin and Elbert H. Pogue, Copartners trading under the firm and style of Corbin and Pogue,
against
Franklin L. Gardner and Charles G. Clifford Co-partners, trading under the firm and style of F. L. Gardner & Co.

Summons.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

To the Sheriff of Orange county—Greeting;

YOU are hereby commanded to summons, Franklin L. Gardner and Charles G. Clifford the defendants above named if they be found in your county to be and appear at the ensuing Term of our Superior Court, to be held for the county of Orange at the Court House in Hillsboro, on the 8th Monday after the 1st Monday of March 1874; and answer the complaint, which is deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said County on the 2nd day of January 1874, and let the defendants take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that term, the Plaintiffs will take Judgment against them for the sum of Three Hundred and Ten Dollars and Eighty cents, with interest thereon, and for cost of this action.

Herein fail not and of this Summons make due return: Given under my hand and seal of said Court this 2nd Dec. 1873.

GEO. LAWS, *Clerk.*
C. E. PARISH, Superior Court
att'y for Plaintiffs.

ORANGE COUNTY—*Superior Court.*

James W. Corbin, and Elbert H. Pogue, Copartners trading under the name and style of Corbin and Pogue.
against
Franklin L. Gardner and Chales L. Clifford, Copartners, under the name and style of F. L. Gardner & Co.

Attachment.

THREE Hundred and Ten Dollars and 80 cts., due for Tobacco sold and delivered.

Warrant of Attachment returnable before George Laws, Clerk of the Superior Court of Orange County, at his office in Hillsboro, on the 2nd day of January 1874, when and where the Defendants are required to appear and answer as to matters touching this Attachment.

GEORGE LAWS, Clerk.
C. E. PARISH, Superior Court.
tf. dec. 2nd 1873.6t.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JAN. 14 1874.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the RECORDER for 1873.

For 1 year. $2·50.
" 6 months. 1.50.
Clubs of six or more, each subscriber. 2.00.

Payments always in advance.

Job printing done neatly cheap'y and promptly.

☞ Business cards neat'y printed at this office.

☞ Blanks of various kinds for sale at this office.

See first and fourth pages for advertisements.

The RECORDER will be delivered to subscribers by the carrier on Wednesday mornings, the regular publication day, instead of Tuesday afternoon as heretofore; it being impossible to make up the papers for the mails, and make town delivery at the same time.

Our readers will excuse the absence of the usual variety of editorial and other matters this week, our columns being occupied by the speech of Mr. Norwood before the Senate. Justice to him, and the importance of the question will reconcile our readers to the substitution.

☞ See Levy's Advertisement for January, a total change. Prices lower than ever. There is no humbug in Levy's goods. They are of the best quality. Orders promptly filled, and faithfully executed.

See Parks & Faucett. Dissolution of Copartnership.

Robert Faucett. Continuation of business.

Notice C. W. Johnston. Administrator

Sale of the personal property of Elisha D. Hendon, and Mrs. Susan Hendon dec'd.

A writer in the Milton Chronicle suggests the name of the Hon. John Kerr as a suitable person for the office of Judge of the 7th Judicial Dist.

The Rev. Robert Burwell preached in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday.

Bishop Lyman was here on Monday for the purpose of placing his two sons with Horner & Graves.

Legislature met again on Monday.

The Supreme court is in Session.

The Superior Court of Wake, Judge Watts presiding, is in session, with a full criminal docket, convictions are the order of the day, and the Penitentiary is being crowded.

Roanoke Valley.

This excellent paper has passed into the hands of Mr. W. T Towns, who takes charge in a short but vigorous, salutatory, and gives promise of being a useful ally in the warfare against Radicalism.

We welcome the paper to our exchange list.

The Courier Journal.

Comes to us handomely improved, in almost an entire new dress. It is a splendid Family Journal, and will fill every requisite of a good paper, Weekly Courier-Journal $2.00 per year.

☞ SEE CARD OF DR. T. J. WILSON.

The Civil Rights bill, on motion of Butler, has been recommitted, which is thought equivalent to its defeat.

Caleb Cushing has been nominated to the Chief Justice-ship of the U. S. Williams having at length been withdrawn by Grant.

It is thought that Col. Bristow will be nominated as Minister to Spain.

Another Warning.

Richard Moss a former policeman of Raleigh, entered a bar-room in Raleigh on Friday last very much intoxicated. The keeper of the room had him carried into a back room to sleep off his debauch, and afterwards when he went to rouse the sleeping man found him dead.

A Bank.

The defunct scheme of a bank, so nearly carried into execution last Spring is again being mooted. Why it failed then when so much money was seeking investment, we could never understand. With the present prospects of the town, it is to be hoped that on the disappearance of the present monetary difficulties, no obstacle will exist to the consummation of the plan.

☞ See Schedule of N C and R & D Rail Roads, and of Salem Branch, which went into effect Jan 1st. 1874.

Let gardeners prepare in time. There will be a good demand for vegetables during the summer.

Major Robert Bingham was in town on Saturday, enjoying among his friends the pleasures of his temporary release from duty. We are glad to learn that his prospects for the next session are bright, and that the Bingham School is likely to continue, as it has been for so many years, one of the institutions of Orange.

☞ We are authorized by Mr. J. R. Gattis to say that sales in Webbs tobacco warehouse will be resumed next Tuesday (20th) and sale days regularly thereafter on Wednesday and Fridays of each week.

Our Norfolk Correspondence.

NORFOLK, Va. Jany 9th, 1874.

Mr. Editor:—We are now having delightful weather and business of every sort is brisk. The cotton trade particularly is very heavy, more of the staple having been received and handled by our merchants up to this time than during the whole season last year. Both railroads and all the crafts coming from North Carolina bring large quantities. Several ships are now loading here for foreign ports.

Our corporation court is now in session though the only important case which has yet come up was postponed until March. That was the case of one Barnes for stabbing Mr. R. Epes of this city on the night of the Gubernatorial Election. The Johns Hopkins a splendid new steamer of the Merchants and Miners Transportation Line made her first trip this week, and gave a grand reception at this point last Wednesday. A number of our prominent men are now in Richmond looking after the interest of Mr. John Goode for the Senate. The large jobbing Dry Goods House of L. Berkeley, and company for a long time well known and extensively patronized in this and other sections, is selling out for cash to the trade without regard to price absolutely. Mr. Berkely wishes to close out his stock within the next thirty days, and any country merchants who wish to make a good and cheap purchase now, would do well to look after this opportunity. Col. Berkeley is most highly esteemed and a thoroughly energetic man. He is going to change his business. On Tuesday night our city and Hampton Roads were visited by a very severe storm, but very little damage was done. Several schooners were driven slightly ashore and a number of others dragged their anchors Considerable hail fell on the following morning. There is a great deal of shipping in the harbor and has been all the the season; frequently vessels have to lie off and await their turn for the wharf. The city is very quiet. M.

Houses Wanted.

The frequent applications for house room, caused by the opening of Horner & Grave's School, has developed a want which has heretofore received little attention. And the want will continue to exist, and will not be stayed except to the serious detriment of the dawning prosperity of the place. We want more houses. If capitalists will not take hold, a Building and Loan Association must do the work. No more active or profitable field for such enterprise presents itself anywhere. Hillsboro is on the upward march, if our people do not push her back.

Let us move in this matter Let us for once work together. Let us be aroused to a common interest. If a public spirit could be awakened here, if our people could be brought to recognize the advantages possessed, of position, of proximity to productive regions, of health, everything which conduces to prosperity, then Hillsboro would speedily shake off her depression, and take that stand among her sister towns of the State of which nothing but her own apathy has deprived her

We are not without a belief, that this spirit is being aroused. The signs of awakening are abundant, and we begin to realize the fact that a new spirit, and new energies are at work.

Let us have a happy realization of our our hopes.

Orphan Asylum.

Want of space prevents the Notice in full of the donations to this chairty during the month of December.

It is gratifying to know that the Orphans are not forgotten by all, though the timidity of the Legislature in its sovreign capacity withheld the aid the State was bound to give.

At the last session of the Grand Lodge of N. C. $1000 was voted as an annual Contribution This sum was paid up in December. Ather Lodges gave $635.50. 31 members of the Senate gave $5 each making $155. and 31 members of the House did the same. About $2000 were thus paid in money, and there were liberal contributions in clothing provisions &c from people throughout the State.

This demonstration of general interest from all parts of state should convince the Legislature as a body, that the members do not endanger there future political prospects by providing State aid to so worthy and necessary an object.

Horner & Graves school opened on Monday with a large attendance. All the corps of instructions are at there posts.

The applications for admittance are so large as to warrant the belief of the largest school ever opened in Hillsboro.

We will have more to say next week but at present can only express our gratification at the successful consummation of a long cherished hope.

MARKETS.

Cotton during the last week rather dull without materal change in prices. Receipts at Liverpool large, which indicating a heavier crop than anticipated has a tendency to make buyers cautious. We think a few weeks will dispel this idea and that prices will begin sensibly to advance.

Raleigh 10 th Low middlings 14½. Wilmington middlings 15½ Norfolk. 15, New York 16½.

No movement in the Tobacco Market to notice. The Richmond Whig of the 12 inst says the market was unusually dull on Saturday and only 0 packages sold.

Our Danville Times for Saturday did not come to hand and we cannot give Danville market.

The Jail at Louisburg was set on fire on thursday night by two colored men who were confined for burning the cotton gin of Mr. Minetree. These two were confined in the dungeon and there were three other colored prisoners, two men and a woman, these were confined up stairs. The woman and the men in the dungeon perished. The two men up stairs were rescued.

The jail was fired with the hope of escape.

MAKE MONEY fast and honorably, $12·50 per day, or $75 per week, by at once applying for a territorial right, (which are given free to agents,) to sell the best, strongest, most useful, and rapid selling Sewing Machine, and Patent Button Hole Worker, ever used or recommended by families, or buy one for your own use; it is only $5. Sent free everywhere by express Address for particulars

JEROME B HUDSON & Co. Cor. Greenwich & Cortlandt, St. N.Y.

That Favorite Home Remedy,

PAIN-KILLER,

Has been before the public over *thirty years*, and probably has a wider and better reputation then any other proprietary medicine of the present day. At this period there are but few unacquainted with the merits of the *Pain Killer*; but, while some extol it as a liniment, they know but little of its power in easing pain when taken internally; while others use it internally with great success, but are equally ignorant of its healing virtues when applied externally. We therefore wish to say, that it is equally successful whether used internally or externally. It is sufficient evidence of its virtues as a standard medicine to know that it is now used in all parts of the world, and that its sale is constantly increasing. No curative agent has had such a wide spread sale or given such universal satisfaction.

Davis' Pain Killer is a purely vegetable compound, prepared from the best and purest materials, and with a care that insures the most perfect uniformity in the medicine; and while it is a most effective remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine, even in the most unskilful hands.

It is eminently a *Family Medicine*; and by being kept ready for immediate resort, will save many an hour of suffering, and many a dollar in time and doctor's bills.

After over thirty years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues, from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent Physicians commend it as a most effectual preperation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery, or Cholera, or any sort of bowel compliant, it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, and all other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthma, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

We would caution the public against all imitations of our preparation, either in name, or style of putting up.

PERRY DAVIS & SON

MANF'S AND PROP'S,

136 High St., Providence, R. I.
111 Sycamore St. Cincinnati. O
377 St. Paul St. Montreal, Canada.
17 Southampton, Row, London England.



Dr. D. A. Robertson.

Surgeon Dentist.

Office over C. M. Parks' store.

WILL visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Monday of every month.

Having moved to Greensboro, he will return and spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

My office in Hillsboro, will be kept open, by Dr MARSHALL CAMERON, who is competent to perform all operations. Jan. 14

BLAIR & THAXTON,

JOBBERS OF

WHITE GOODS FANCY GOODS,

NOTIONS, TOYS. &c.

1313 Main Street,

se 25 3m Richmond, Va.

W. W. CARDWELL, of Rockingham co., N. C. WITH

CLARKE, WIGHTMAN & CO.,

(Successors to Clarke & Waddy.)

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

AND

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS,

AT WHOLESALE.

No. 1311 Main Street,

Richmond, Va.

New York Office: 447 Broom st. se 24 3m.

Prompt and careful attention to Orders.

BENJAMIN BATES,

Bookseller & Stationer

111 MAIN STREET, op. Dispach Of, sep 25 3m RICHMOND, VA.

1873. FALL TRADE, 1873.

WEISIGER & CO.,

Wholesale Clothiers,

1215 MAIN STREET.

RICHMOND, VA.

LARGE STOCK,

Prices Low,

EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE.

sept 24 2m. WEISIGER & CO.

40 DOLLARS per WEEK in CASH to Agent Everything furnished and expenses paid. A COULTER & CO Charlotte Mich

Hughes' Academy.

THE next session of my school will commence on the second Monday in January 1874.

EXPENSES:

Tuition per session of 20 weeks, $25 00.
Board, including all necessary expenses except washing and lights, $60 00.

Payments made as follows: $25, at beginning; $25, at middle and balance at close of term.

Address S. W. HUGHES,
dec 17 tf. Cedar Grove, N. C.

F. W. KERCHNER.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

IN STORE! IN STORE!!

20 Hogsheads and 32 BOXES D. S. Sides,
15 Hhds. and BOXES D. S. Sides and Shoulders.
150 BBLS. PORK.
150 Hhds, and Bbls S H Molasses,
100 Hhds and Bbls. Cuba Molasses,
400 Bbls Golden Fleece Syrup,
20 " Fine Syrup,
700 " Flour,
200 Bags Coffee,
100 Hhds. and Bbls Sugar,
100 Bbls Apples,
150 Boxes Cheese,
200 " Candles,
150 " Candy,
15 Bbls and half Bbls Snuff,
50 cases 1 and 2 oz Snuff,
100 Boxes Soda,
250 Boxes Soap,
250 Kegs Nails,
2,000 Bushels Oats,
20 cases Axle Grease,
225 Bbls Glue,
150 " Whiskey,
25 " Brandy,
200 Cases Brandy Peaches,
100 " Schnapps,
25 " Tomatoes,
25 " Fresh Peaches,
75 Boxes Starch,
40 Tons Hoop Iron,
100 Dozen Water Buckets,
200 Reams Wrapping Paper &c. &c.

For sale by F. W. KERCHNER,
27, 28 and 29 North Water St.
29. Jan. Wilmington, N. C.

To the Ladies.

LOW & SONS English Soaps,
6 doz. English Tooth Brushes,
Ladies Dressing Combs and Brushes.
EXTRA PUFF BOXES.
Lubin's and other Extracts.
And Toilet articles generally. Just received at O. HOOKER'S,
Drug Store.

To Painters.

Full Supply of Dry Paints.

LIQUID PAINTS; all colors; ready for use; if unsatisfactory return.
Bristle Bushes; no Bark;
VARNISHES; good and cheap.
OILS; all kinds usually kept in this market.
BRONZE and Gold Leaf.
O. HOOKER'S,
Drug Store.

DRUGS.

I HAVE and am constantly receiving a full supply of
ELIXERS for the afflicted
PROPRIETARY Articles.
A few Nostrums, and above all a full supply of *Pure, Genuine Drugs.*
for Prescriptions, which I promise to handle with satisfaction day or night; and at prices to suit.
O. HOOKER,
Sept. 3. Druggist.

State of North Carolina.

ORANGE COUNTY.

Petition to sell Land for payment of Debts.

Pride Jones, as Ex'r of Cadwallader Jones deceased.
against.
Cadwallader Jones, P B Ruffin and wife Mary, Josiah Collins and wife Sally, Mary, Rebecca, Robin, Sarah and Lucy Jonas, heirs of Robin Jones, deceased.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants, Cadwallader Jones, Mary, Rebecca, Robin, Sarah and Lucy Jones, heirs of Robin Jones, dec'd., are non-residents of the State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Hillsboro Recorder, a Newspaper published in the Town of Hillsboro for six successive weeks, notifying them to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Orange County, within that time, to plead answer or demur to the Complaint filed in said office, or judgment will be asked for the relief demanded in said complaint by the Plaintiff.

Witness George Laws Clerk of the Superior Court of Orange.

GEO. Laws, Clerk.
Superior Court Orange Co.
18th Nov. 1873 6w. $10.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL

Absolutely safe. Perfectly odorless. Always uniform. Illuminating qualities superior to gas. Burns in any lamp without danger of exploding or taking fire. Manufactured expressly to displace the use of volatile and dangrous oils. Its safety under every possible test, and its perfect burning qualities, are proved by its continued use in over 300,000 families.

Millions of gallons have been sold and no accident—directly or indirectly—has even occured from burning, storing or handling it.

The Insurance Companies and Fire Commissioners throughout the country recommend the Astral as the best safeguard when lamps are used. Send for circular. For sale at retail by the trade generally, and at wholesale by the proprietors, CHAS. PRATT & CO., 108, Fulton Street, New York.

George Allen & Co.,

NEWBERN, N. C,

Cider Mills, Wood's Mowers & Reapers, Cotton Gins and Presses. Threshers, Horse Powers.

Manufacturers of
THE WILEY PLOW.
The Champion Plow and Cultivator.
The Dickson and Allen Sweeps.

Either of which save one half Labor of man and horse. ☞ Send for catalogue and Prices.
Dec. 21 6m.

FOR SALE, A New Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machine. Owner has two. Enquire at the dec. 8 4t. ORANGE HOUSE.

CHRISTMAS AT FARMER'S HALL,

HAVE HESITATED ABOUT BREAKING THE MARKET.

WHEN ABLE I MAY.

In Store Christmas Goods, China-Wares.

☞ If the Panic has you. Come Borrow a Merry Christmas. ☜

YOUR Produce brings "Fair Prices," at

"I Will Try It."

Why not "Let us Have Peace," cut the "KNOT." Who is the Father of the Panic "CHEAP GOODS."

Eggs, 25 cents per Dozen. Sugar 8 cents per pound.

HENRY N. BROWN.

Dec. 15th 1873.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

HILLSBORO STREET.

☞ One Square West of the Capitol,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Mrs. ROWE,

March 18, tf. *Proprietress.*

Nat. L. Brown,

DEALER IN

CONFECTIONERIES,
Caned Goods,
Pickles,
Jellies,
Nuts,
Fresh Crackers and Cakes.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Viole and Guitar Strings,

FANCY GOODS,
Toys, Baskets, Childrens Carriages, Birds and Bird Cages.

Segars and Tobacco. Don't forget.

BROWN'S VARIETY STORE.
RALEIGH,
Aug. 25 1y. N. C.

READ THIS!

I MUST say to my Customers, and those that were my Customers, that I need what is due me. My Fall Purchases are due first of January, and I must collect what is owing me, to be able to meet these payments. These are very searcy times, and I want to ride through the storm; and those who owe me and want me to succeed must come forward and help me, by paying up. If you have no Money bring Grain, or something that I can turn into Money, don't put it off until next Spring, as the trouble come sooner. I am not appealing to doubtful men, but to Honest Paying Customers. The honest people that want me to succeed and those who pay are the ones I want to help me now, bring anything that I can turn into Money.

C. M. PARKS.

Dec. 10. tf.

TURNER'S N. C. STATE ALMANAC.

1874.

* * * This Almanac is the most valuable now published in North Carolin and should be in every family.—*Tarboro Southerner.*

Turner's N. C. Almanac.—This is one of the most complete almanacs ever published in North Carolina, and contains features that others have never known. A new and interesting feature is a record of the most important events that have occurred in the State during the foregoing year.

Christian Advocate, Raleigh.

* * The department devoted to the annual State record of 1873 is a new feature of the Almanac that will commend it to popular favor everywhere.—*Daily Journal* Wilmington.

☞ Price 10c. For sale at the Store of
JOHN M. BLACKWOOD,
nov. 26 2m. Hillsboro, N C.

Taylor, Elliott & Watters.

Successors to

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

AND

Wholesale Dealers

IN

HARDWARE,

No. 1 Commercial Row,

NEXT TO FERRY WHARF,

NORFOLK, VA.

☞ Will occupy their old Stand about 1st December. Oct. 1. 3m.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

ORANGE COUNTY.

Superior Court 4th Dec. 1874.

James Williams, } Order of
against } Publication.
Charles Williams & others.

UPON reading and filing of the Complaint in this case and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Charles Williams, Person W. Wells and Polly Glenn, Jefferson Williams and Bryan Williams are non-residents of the State.

It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the "Hillsboro Recorder" a Newspaper puplished in the town of Hillsboro, for six successive weeks, notifying the said Charles Williams, Person W Williams, Polly Glenn, Jefferson Williams and Bryan Williams to be and appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Orange County, within that time to plead, answer or demur to the complaint which is filed in the Clerks office, or the Plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Witness GEORGE LAWS, Clerk Superior Court Oronge County, at office in Hillsboro.

GEORGE LAWS, Clerk,
Dec 10th price ad. $10. Superior Court.

SELECT

Boarding and Day School,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

THE Misses NASH and Miss KOLLOCK, will resume the exercises of their School on Friday February 6, 1874.

Circulars forwarded on application. dec 17 2m

THE NEW WILSON UNDERFEED.

PRICE $50.



All Agents for other Machines, don't like the Wilson.

Grand Medal of Merit World's Fair 1873.

T. C. ELLIS, Agent,
dec. 3. CEDAR GROVE, N. C.

$10 to $20 per day. Agents Wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. BLAIR & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

☞ BUY YOUR DRY GOODS OF LEVY BROTHERS.

and save money by doing so. Great reductions have been made in the prices of DRESS GOODS in order to close out the whole stock.

Patterns at 35, 50, 65, 70 and 75c.—a reduction of twenty-five per cent;

Empress Cloths at 35. 50 and up to 75c. per yard

Silk Corded Poplins at 75c. per yard worth $1.25;

Poplin Alpacas—best quality—at 40c. per yard, sold everywhere at 50c;

Corded and Plain Alpacas at 25c, worth 35c. per yard;

Black Brocaded Alpacas at 25c. worth 50c. per yard;

Black Alpacas, Mohairs, and Brilliantines at all prices;

Bombazines from $1,25 to $2 per yard;

Australian Crepe at 50c worth 75c per yard;

Handsome Brocaded Poplins, all silk and wool, at $1 per yard, reduced from $1,75;

Handsome Silk and Wool-striped Poplins, 18¾ yards in a pattern, for $15, reduced from $25;

Double faced Cotton Poplins at 14c per yard worth 20c;

Double faced Cotton Poplins at 16⅔c. per yard worth 25c;

Calicoes at 6¼, 8⅓, 10 and 12½c;

White Flannel, full yard wide and all wool, at 43c. per yard worth 60c;

White Flannels, in all qualities, from 20c. up to $1 per yard;

Colored Flannels in all qualities;

Bleached and Unbleached Canton Flannel from 12½ to 45c per yard;

Domestic Ginghams at 10, 12½ and 16⅔c.;

Chevoit Shirting at 16⅔c worth 25c. per yard;

Linseys from 16⅔ to 40c per yard;

Bed Tick from 10 to 35c per yard;

Doeskin Cassimere at $1 per yard worth $1,25;

Excellent Satinets at 50, 60 and 75c per yard;

Kentucky Jeans from 16⅔ to 30c. per yard;

Charlottsville Cassimeres at a very small advance on manufacturers prices;

Water Proof Cloths at 75c, $1, $1.25, $1,50 and $1,75 per yard;

Black and Brown Velveteens at 50c. worth 75c. per yard;

Black and Colored Velveteens in all qualities;

Trimming Velours, in all colors, at $1 and $1,50 per yard;

Silk Velvet, black and colored, for trimming and millinery use;

Table Cloth, pure linen, two yards long, at $1 worth $1,50;

Linen Doylies at 5c, 6c, 75c. and $1 per dozen—all 25 per cent below regular prices;

Huckaback Towels from $1,25 to $2 per dozen;

We call partienlar attention to our Towels at $2,-25 and $3 per dozen;

Napkins at $1,25, $1,50, $1,75, $2 and up to $6 per dozen;

Linen Damask for table cloths from 50c up to $2 per yard;

Extra Long Table Cloths from $3 up to $20;

Cotton Diaper at $1.25 and $1,50 for a piece of ten yards, worth $1,75 and $2;

Linen Birds Eye Diaper at 50c. worth 60c per yard;

A full assortment of Ladies' Cloaks, Water Proof and Shawls, at all bargains;

Gentlemen's Shawls and Cardigan Jackets, very cheap;

White and Colored Bed Blankets, all sizes and qualities, at extremely low prices;

Calico Comfortables, home manufacture, at $2 $2,50 worth $3 and 3,50;

Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloth, Rugs, Mats, and Window Shades at reduced prices;

Children's Carriage Blankets at $1,50 worth $3;

Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, in all qualities;

Nubias, Hoods, Breakfast Shawls, Leggins, Scarfs and Sacques;

Genuine Buck Mits;

Gloves and Gauntlets;

Bobbin Edging, eighteen yards in a piece, for 50c worth 5c per yard;

Worked Dimity Bands at 10c worth 20c;

Clark's and Coats's Spool Cotton at 7c per doz.;

Machine Needles from 40c to 50c per paper of ten needles;

Best Machine Oil at 15c per bottle;

Tidies at 35 and 50c worth 75c and $1;

Gilt and Jet Jewelry in great variety;

Ladies' Linen Collars at 50c per dozen, also Collars at $1, 1,25 and up to $2 50 per dozen;

Gentlemen's Linen Collars at 60, 75 and $1 per dozen worth $2 and 2,50;

Gentlemen's Recherche Cuffs at $1 worth $4 per dozen;

Crochet Edgings at 15, 25 and 50c, for a piece of twelve yards, worth 5c and 10c per yard;

Neck Scarfs at 25, 40, 50c. up to $1,50—all much below regular prices;

Full width Unbleached Sheeting at 28c;

" " Bleached " at 32c;

New York Mills and Wamsutta Cotton at 18c per yard;

Excellent yard-wide Bleached and Unbleached Cotton at 10 and 12½c per yard; and thousands of other bargains, at

LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
RICHMOND, VA.

Prompt attention given to orders. Goods sent by express C. O. D., upon the receipt of the money. Jan. 14.

W. J. BAKER. J B NEAL. W B SHEPARD.

Baker, Neal and Shepard,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, VA.

Agents for PATAPSCO GUANO.

Oct. 1 3m.

THEODORICK A. WILLIAMS. JOHN N. WILLIAMS. W C DICKSON.

T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

Nos. 2 and 4 Roanoke Square, orner Roanoke Dock,

Oct. 1 9m. NORFOLK, VA.

JAS. C. VOSS,

DANVILLE, VA.

FASHIONABLE Merchant TAILOR.

AND

CLOTHIER,

AND DEALER IN

FOREIGN and Domestic Cloths, Cassimeres Vestings, Furnishing Goods, &c. dec. 3.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application be made at the next Session of the General Assembly to amend the Charter of the town of Hillsboro, so as to allow the Commissioners of said town to tax the Real and Personal property and other subjects of taxation within said town equally with the State and County. 12th Nov. 30 d.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JAN. 14, 1874.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2.50 per annum, or $1 50 for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 3 months $5—6 months $9—12 months $15
2 " 3 " $10—6 " $18—12 " $25
3 " 3 " $15—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $25—6 mo. $45—12 mo. $80
column 3 months $45—6 mo. $65—12 mo. $100

THE

The North Carolina Home

INSURANCE CO.

OF

RALEIGH, N. C.

Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise,

AND

All Classes of Insurable Property,

AGAINST

Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Favorable Terms.

Its Stockholders are gentlemen interested in building up North Carolina Institutions, and among them are many of the prominent business and financial men of the State.

All Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

This Company has, already, during the three years of its existence, paid a large amount of Losses, yet its assets are steadily increasing.

It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of Property in North Carolina.

Encourage Home Institutions.

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President,
C. B. ROOT, Vice President,
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.
P. COWPER, Supervisor.
HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents.
may 28 6m. Hillsboro, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA

STATE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

RALEIGH, N. C.

CAPITAL. $200,000

OFFICERS:

Hon. Kemp P. Battle, President.
P. H. Cameron, Vice President.
W. H. Hicks, Secretary.
Dr. E. R. Haywood, Med. Director.
Dr. W. I. Royster, Ass't. Med. Director.
J. B. Batchelor, Attorney.
O. H. Perry, Supervising Agent.

DIRECTORS:

Hon Kemp P Battle, Hon Tod R Caldwell, Hon John W Cunningham, Col T M Holt, Hon Wm A Smith, Dr W J Hawkins, Hon John Manning, Gen W R Cox, Col L W Humphrey, C Tate Murphy, Col Wm E Anderson, John G Williams, Col Wm L Sanders, R Y McAden, Col A A McKoy, I J Young, James A Graham, P H Cameron, J C McRae, J B Batchelor, J C Blake, Walter Clark, W G Upchurch, J J Davis, John Nichols.

FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

It is emphatically a *HOME* Company.
Its large capital guarantees strength and safety.
Its rates are as low as those of any first-class company.
It offers all desirable forms of insurance.
Its funds are invested *AT HOME* and circulated among OUR OWN PEOPLE.
No unnecessary restrictions imposed upon residence or travel.
Policies *NON-FORFEITABLE* after TWO years.
Its officers and directors are prominent, and well-known North Carolinians, whose experience as business men, and whose worth and integrity are alone sufficient guarantees of the Company's strength, solvency and success.

Apply to
A. W. GRAHAM, Agent, Hillsboro.
H. A. LONDON, Jr.
July 9 '73 6m. Gen'l. District Agent.

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Authorized Capital $500,000.

JAS. TURNER TATE, President.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.
F. H. DEWEY, Ass't. Cashier,

AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF

TATE & DEWEY.

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General Assembly, and duly organized under laws of the State of North Carolina, with ample means, is prepared to transact

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

and furnish accommodations to all Customers on

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check and will

Allow Interest According to Agreement,

on all Deposits left on time, or issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest at the rate of

Eight per Cent per Annum,

on all sums lying undrawn over thirty days.
Gold and Silver Coin, Bullion and old Bank Notes Bought and Sold.

THOS. W. DEWEY.
Jan. 15 1873. 1y. Cashier.

W. E. ANDERSON, President. P. A. WILEY, Cashier.

Citizens' National Bank

OF

RALEIGH, N. C.

Authorized Capital, $500,000.

DEAL IN

Government and other Securities.

Nov. 14. 6m.

JOHN W. GRAHAM, Hillsboro, N. C. JAMES A. GRAHAM, Graham, N. C.

GRAHAM & GRAHAM.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

WILL practice in Superior Courts of Orange and Alamance, and adjoining Counties. Also, in Supreme Court of the State and Federal Courts, Nov. 1, 1872.



TAPPEY'S IMPROVED LABOR-SAVING

TOBACCO SCREWS.

Patented March, 1860.

By N. HOAG and W. H. TAPPEY.

These who now use the *RATCHED SCREWS* say they would not be without them on any account, because

1st. An old or weak hand can work it.
2d. One hand can press as hard with the Improved Screw as two or three men with the old kind.
3d. Three hogsheads can be pressed with this screw in the same time as two hogsheads with the old kind.
4th. It will last a planter's life time, and can be worked in a close room in a barn in bad weather as well as good.

Price: Wrought Screw and Cast Box, with Ratchet attached, $80. Lever, $8, Ink and Bolts no charge.

REFERS to J Y Whitted and Pogue & Corbin, Hillsboro

We also Manufacture Engines, Saw Mills, Mill Gearing, Tobacco fixtures generally, Cotton Presses unsurpassed at $140, Cotton Gin powers, Feed Cutters, Horse-powers, Treshers, Fan Mills &c. TAPPY & LUMSDEN & CO.
March 19 1y, Petersburg, Va.

Prospectus for 1874—Seventh Year.

THE ALDINE,

An Illustrated Monthly Journal, universally admitted to be the Handsomest Periodical in the World. A Representative and Champion of American Taste.

NOT FOR SALE IN BOOK OR NEWS STORES.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or *timely* interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of THE ALDINE will be most appreciated after it has been bound up at the close of the year. While other publications my claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, THE ALDIME is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume cannot duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumns *for ten times its cost; and then, there are the chromos, besides!*

PREMIUM FOR 1874.

Every subscriber to THE ALDINE for the year 1874 will receive a pair of chromos. The original pictures were painted in oil for the publishers of THE ALDINE, by Thomas Moran, whose great Colorado picture was purchased by Congress for ten thousand dollars. The subjects were chosen to represent "The East" and "The West." One is a view in the White Mountains, New Hampshire; the other gives The Cliffs of Green River, Wyoming Territory.

TERMS.

$5 per annum, in advance, with Oil Chromos free.

FOR 50 *cents extra*, the chromos will be sent, mounted, varnished, and prepaid by mail.

THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable only by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rate; cash for subscription must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, *without responsibility to the publisher*, except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the *fac simile* signature of JAMES SUTTON & Co.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

Any person wishing to get permanently as a local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to

JAMES SUTTON & CO., Publishers,
38 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK

The Wilmington Star.

ESTABLISHED ONLY SIX YEARS!

DAILY STAR

HAS the LARGEST Circulation of any Daily Newspaper in the State, and a circulation in Wilmington Nearly Twice as Large as that of any other paper.

All the news of the day will be found in it, condensed when unimportant, at length when of moment, and always presented in a clear, intelligent and interesting manner.

SUBSCRIPTION In Advance.

One Year,	$7.00
Six Months,	3.50
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AN ENTIRELY NEW

SEWING MACHINE.

For Domestic Use,

ONLY FIVE DOLLARS

With the New Patent

BUTTON HOLE WORKER,

Patented June 27th, 1871.

AWARDED THE FIRST PREMIUM AT THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE AND MARYLAND INSTITUTE FAIRS 1871.

A most wonderful and elegantly constructed Sewing Machine for Family Work. Complete in in all its Parts, Uses the Straight Eye Pointed Needle, Self Treading, direct upright Positive Motion, New Tension, self Feed and Cloth Guider. Operates by wheel and on a Table. Light Running. Smooth and noiseless, like all good high-priced machines. Has Patent check to prevent the wheel being turned the wrong way. Use the thread direct from the spool. Makes the celebrated Lock Stitch, (most and strongest stitch known;) firm, durable, close and rapid. Will do all kinds of work, fine and coarse, from cambric to heavy cloth or leather, and uses all descriptions of thred. The Machine is heavily constructed to give it strength; all the parts of each machine being make alike by machinery, and beautifully finished and ornamented. It is very to learn. Rapid, Smooth and Silent in operation. Reliable at all times, and a practical, scientific, mechanical invention, at greatly reduced price.

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IT IS ALL IT IS RECOMMENDED.

I can cheerfully and confidently recommend its use to those who are wanting a really good sewing Machine, at low price.

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Price of each machine, "class A," "One," (warranted for five years by special certificate,) with all the fixtures, and everything complete belonging to it, including Self Threading Needle packed in a strong wooden box, and delivered to any part of the country, by express, free of further charges, on receipt of price, only Five Dollars. Safe delivery guaranteed. With each Machine we will send, on receipt of $1 extra, the patent

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One of the most important and useful inventions of the age. So simple and ceartain, that a child can work the finest button hole with regularity and ease. Strong and beautiful.

Special terms, and Extra Inducements to Male and Female Agents, Store Keepers, &c. who will establish agencies through the country and keep our New Machines on Exhibition and Sale. County Rights given to smart agents free. Agent's complete outfit furnished without extra charge. Sample of sewing, descriptive circulars containing Terms, Testimonials, Engravings, &c. &c. sent free. We also supply

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Latest Patents and improvements for the Farm and Garden Mowers, Reapers, Cultivators Feed cutters Harrows, Farm Mills, Planters Harvesters Threshers and all articles needed for Farm work. Rare Seeds in large variety. All Money sent in Post office Money Orders, Bank Drafts, or by express, will be at our risk and are perfectly secure. Safe delivery of all our goods guaranteed.

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Great Family Medicines,

Prepared expressly for and adapted to the Southern climate.

"*Compound Extract Corpulsia,*" is the most powerful and efficient Alterative and Blood Purifier known, prepared expressly for *Scrofula, Secondary Syphilis, Eruptions* on the skin, and all diseases which are produced by bad or unhealthy blood.

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Our "Neuralgia Specific" is a perfect specific for *Neuralgia, Sciatica, Rheumatism,* & all muscular or nervous pains wherever situated.

These Medicines are prepared with great care from perfectly reliable drugs, and for the especial classes of diseases named upon each bottle. No one of them is claimed as a "cure all." They are identically the same which we have used in our practice for years, and in thus recommending them to the public we know whereof we affirm. They are safe, reliable and efficient, acting quickly and thoroughly. Try them and you will want no others. Ask your Druggist for them.

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N. B.—*Cancers, Tumors and Ulcers* treated as heretofore by

"*Kline's Great Cancer Antidotes,*"
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Portable Family Sewing Machine.

ON THIRTY DAY'S TRIAL.

With Strength and Capacity Equal to Any, Regardless of Cost.

THE cloth-plate is the size used by a $100 Machine, is of Polished Plated Steel. Attachments of proportionate size and quality, while the entire Machine has corresponding finish throughout. Braider, Embroiderer, Guide, Hemmer, Gatherer, four sizes of Needles, &c., are *Given with every Machine.*

No Toilsome Tread of the Treadle.

Every Machine carefully Tested and fully Warranted.

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In Hillsboro at the above well known stand. He flatters himself from his long experience in the business, that he will be able to meet the wants of the people in his line.

All prescriptions carefully prepared by himself

DAY OR NIGHT.

Having been for many years a citizen of your section and formerly well known as Clerk with J. Y. Whitted, I respectfully ask a share of your patronage. WM. A. HAYS.
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$10 TO $20 per day. Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A H BLAIR, & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS,
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS,
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,
PALPITATION OF THE HEART,
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPTHERIA,
CATARRH, INFLUENZA,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM,
COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers aided by RADWAY'S PILLS so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

STRONG AND PURE RICH BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES. SO QUICK, SO RAPID ARE THE CHANGES, THE GOOD CONSTANTLY UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other Fluids and Juices of the System, the Vigor of Life, for it repairs the waste of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous discharges from the Ears and the worst forms of skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worm Bite, Tetter, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonderful Restorative, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

In the patient, daily becoming reduced by the waste and decomposition that is continually going on, no repair needs in arresting these waste, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does accomplish a cure is certain; for so soon as the remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of waste, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better, and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic Scrofulous Constitutions and skin diseases, but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence or Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of eggs, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the small of the back and along the Loins.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

DR. RADWAY'S

Perfect Purgative & Regulating Pill

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per Box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren St., New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

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A First-Class Family, News, Political, and Commercial Paper, national in its aim reputation and circulation. In addition to its usual quantity and variety of matter, it will publish ORIGINAL STORIES AND NOVELETTES, and, commencing with its issue of December 3rd, will each week, for a year or longer, publish a series of *Lectures on Bible History*,

delivered by Rev. Dr. STUART ROBINSON, revised by himself, expressly for this paper.

On the 1st of January, 1874, the publisher will distribute $5,000 IN PRESENTS among its subscribers. All who wish to avail themselves of the opportunity of securing a gift worth several hundred dollars can do so by sending in their subscription prior to that time.

Great inducements to subscribers and agents.

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Centrally located in the Business part of the City. Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dining-Rooms Attached. july 16 3m.

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GRAHAM, N. C.

THE public is respectfully informed that the large and commodious House in Graham, N C, formerly known as the

UNION HOTEL,

has been entirely refurnished and is now open for the accommodation of Guests.

The table will be at all times supplied with the best provisions; the services of a good *CATERER* have been procured, and those who may patronize this Hotel will always find a hearty welcome and first class accommodations.

JOHN W. FLANEGAN,
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PURELY VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no Vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

M. FRANCISCO.

Wholesale Manufacturer

OF

American, French and Italian Confectionaries, Plain and Ornamented

CAKES,

Foreign and Domestic Fruit.

Main Street, opposite Masonic Hall,
DANVILLE, VA.

CANDY 16 cents per 100 Lbs. 500 lbs and upward 15 cents per pound. april 21.

North Carolina, } *Superior Court.*
ORANGE COUNTY.

William Barlow,
against
Joseph Allison and heirs of Mary his wife Joseph Barlow, heirs of James and wife Nancy, Charles S Ray and wife Lucy, Mariah Ray, William L Bowels and Ruthia his wife, J M McCullock heirs of Patience, Heirs of John H Barlow, Hugh S Paisly formerly Hugh S Barlow

Petition to sell Real Estate for Partition.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that all the above named defendants, are *non-residents* of the State of North Carolina. It is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Hillsboro, Recorder a paper published in Hillsboro, N. C. for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendants, to be and appear before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Orange county at his office in Hillsboro, within that time and plead answer or demur to the complaint, which is filed in his office or the Plantiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Witness George Laws Clerk of said Court at office in Hillsboro this 17th day of November 1873.

GEORGE LAWS, Clerk
Nov. 26 6w price ad. $10. Superior Court.

40 DOLLARS per WEEK in CASH to Agents Everything furnished and expenses paid. A COULTER & CO Charlotte Mich

Piedmont Air-Line Railway.

Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division, and North Western N. C. R. W.

Condensed Time Table, in effect on and after Thursday Jan. 1st, 1874.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte.....	7.01 p. m.	6.35 A M
" Air Line Junc'n	7.43 "	6.54
" Salisbury	10.00	10.47
" Greensboro.....	2.15 a m	1.15 P. M.
" Danville.....	5.30 "	5.27
" Burkeville, ...	11.40 "	8.06
Ar. at Richmond, ...	2.05 p. m.	11.02

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond,	1.45 P. M.	5.03 a m
" Burkville	4.58 "	8.38 A M
" Danville	9.35 "	1.53 P M.
" Greensboro	1.16 am	4.00
" Salisbury,	3.56 A M	6.31
" Air-Line Junc'n	6.22	8.55
Ar. at Charlotte,	6.30 "	9.00

STATIONS.	GOING EAST. MAIL.	GOING WEST. MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	2.00 a. m.	Ar. 12.50 a m
" Co. Shops	3.35 "	10.05 "
" Hillsboro,	"	"
" Raleigh	8.30 A M	6.40 "
Ar. at Goldsboro'	11.40 "	L've 3.00 P M

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro'	4.40 P M.
Arrive at Salem	6.35 P. M.
Leave Salem	8.00 A M.
Arrive at Greensboro'	10.00 A. M.

Passenger train leaving Raleigh at 6.40 p. m. connects at Greensboro with the Northern bound train; making the quickest time to all Northern cities. Prize of Tickets same as via other route.

Trains to and from points East of Greensboro connect at Greensboro with Mail Trains to or from points North or South.

Trains daily both ways.

On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 9.42 a m., arrive at Burkeville 12.39 p m., leave Burkeville 4.35 p. m., arrive at Richmond 7.35 p m.

Pullman Palace cars on all night trains between Charlotte and Richmond, (without change:

Papers that have arrangements to advertise the schedule of this company will please print as above.

For further information address
S. E. ALLEN, Gen'l Ticket Agent
Greensboro, N, C.

T. M. R. TALCOTT,
Engineer and Superintendent.

Carolina Central Railway Co.

WILMINGTON N. C. May 14, 1873.

SCHEDULE.

PASSENGER TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington daily (except Sundays) at 8 a m
Arrive at Wilmington at 5.25 p m
Leave Wadesboro at 7:10 a m.
Arrive at Wilmington at 4.35 p m

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 6 a m.
Arrive at Laurinburg at 5.30 p m
Leave Laurenburg at 5 a m
Ar. at Wadesboro at 5.30 p m
Passenger Trains leave Charlotte daily
Sundays excepted at 8 a m
Ar. at Buffalo at 12 m
Leave Buffalo at 1 p m
Ar. at Charlotte at 5.15 p m

Irregular Lumber and timber Trains runs on both portions of the road, as the business requires

A daily stage will see a run in connection with the trains on both ends of this Railway.

S. L. FREMONT,
May 14. Gen'l. and Superintendent.

Iron in the Blood

PERUVIAN SYRUP

AN IRON TONIC

MAKES THE WEAK STRONG.

The Peruvian Syrup, a Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, is so combined as to have the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated with the blood as the simplest food. It increases the quantity of Nature's Own Vitalizing Agent, Iron in the blood, and cures "a thousand ills," simply by Toning up, Invigorating and Vitalizing the System. The enriched and vitalized blood permeates every part of the body, repairing damages and waste, searching out morbid secretions, and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints, *and all diseases originating in a bad state of the blood, or accompanied by debility or a low state of the system. Being free from Alcohol, in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor, and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Constitution.*

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy, from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP *blown in the glass.*

Pamphlets Free.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Proprietors,
No. 1 Milton Place, Boston.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

C. E. PARISH,

Attorney at Law,

Hillsboro, N. C.

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